455.1 Description

(1) This section describes asphaltic materials including asphaltic binders, cements, cut-back asphalts, emulsified asphalts, and similar products. This section also describes applying tack coat.

455.2 Materials

455.2.1 General

(1) Furnish asphaltic material that meets the minimum PG binder grade the contract specifies. Furnish binder with an S designation unless the contract specifies otherwise. Ensure that the material furnished conforms to the department’s Combined State Binder Group Method of Acceptance for Asphalt Binders available at:


455.2.2 Sampling

455.2.2.1 PG Asphalts

(1) Sample according to the department’s Combined State Binder Group Method of Acceptance for Asphalt Binders available at:


455.2.2.2 MC, SC, and Emulsified Asphalts

(1) Sample asphaltic material at the job site either before or during unloading. Obtain the engineer's approval of sampling methods and have the engineer observe the sampling. If sampling outside established job working hours, arrange for a department representative to be present.

(2) Obtain representative samples at the frequency specified in CMM 8-50 exhibit 1 and according to AASHTO R66 except as follows:

- If bleeding through a drain-cock in the transfer line, allow at least 5 minutes between samples.
- If sampling from a valve installed in the side or end of the delivery vehicle tank, the valve must be between the quarter points of the tank's vertical diameter. Draw off and discard enough material to clear the intake line of material from previous loads before sampling.

(3) Use only clean, dry sample containers free from cleaning oil or other contamination. Do not contaminate samples. Tightly seal, mark for identification, and submit to the engineer immediately after filling. The department’s laboratory will test the material.

455.2.3 Testing

455.2.3.1 PG Asphalts

(1) Test according to the department’s Combined State Binder Group Method of Acceptance for Asphalt Binders available at:


455.2.3.2 MC, SC, and Emulsified Asphalts

(1) Test MC and SC materials according to the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TEST</th>
<th>AASHTO</th>
<th>ASTM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash point, open tag</td>
<td>T 79</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point, Cleveland cup</td>
<td>T 48</td>
<td>ASTM D92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kinematic viscosity</td>
<td>T 201</td>
<td>ASTM D2170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillation</td>
<td>T 78</td>
<td>ASTM D402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Penetration</td>
<td>T 49</td>
<td>ASTM D5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ductility</td>
<td>T 51</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in trichloroethylene</td>
<td>T 44</td>
<td>ASTM D2042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>T 55</td>
<td>ASTM D95</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Test emulsified asphalts according to AASHTO T59.

455.2.4 Physical Properties

455.2.4.1 PG Asphalts

(1) Furnish material conforming to the department's Combined State Binder Group Method of Acceptance for Asphalt Binders available at:


455.2.4.2 MC and SC Asphalts

(1) Furnish material conforming to the following:
(2) If sampling at the job site, also conform to kinematic viscosity requirements as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>GRADE</th>
<th>MINIMUM</th>
<th>MAXIMUM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MC</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MC and SC</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MC and SC</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MC and SC</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MC and SC</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>2600</td>
<td>7000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

455.2.4.3 Emulsified Asphalts

(1) Furnish material conforming, before dilution, to the following:

   - Anionic emulsified asphalts .................................................................................................. AASHTO M140
   - Cationic emulsified asphalts .............................................................................................. AASHTO M208
   - Polymer-modified cationic emulsified asphalts ................................................................. AASHTO M316

(2) If diluting emulsified asphalt, mix thoroughly with an equal quantity of potable water. If undiluted samples are not available, test the diluted material and modify AASHTO M140, M208, or M316 to reflect properties resulting from dilution of the asphalt.

455.2.5 Tack Coat

Revise 455.2.5(1) to add more options for tack coat material.

(1) Under the Tack Coat bid item, furnish type MS-2, SS-1, SS-1h, CSS-1, CSS-1h, QS-1, QS-1h, CQS-1, CQS-1h, or modified emulsified asphalt, unless the contract specifies otherwise.

455.3 Construction

455.3.1 General

(1) Heat asphaltic materials so that the temperature when entering the mixer or at application is within the limits the supplier specifies.

455.3.2 Tack Coat

455.3.2.1 General

(1) Apply tack coat only when the air temperature is 32 F or more unless the engineer approves otherwise in writing. Before applying tack coat ensure that the surface is reasonably free of loose dirt, dust, or other foreign matter. Do not apply to surfaces with standing water. Do not apply if weather or surface conditions are unfavorable or before impending rains.

(2) Use tack material of the type and grade the contract specifies. The contractor may, with the engineer's approval, dilute tack material as allowed under 455.2.4. Provide calculations using the asphalt content as-received from the supplier and subsequent contractor dilutions to show that as-placed material has 50 percent or more residual asphalt content. Apply at 0.050 to 0.070 gallons per square yard, unless the contract designates otherwise. The engineer may adjust the application rate based on surface conditions. Limit application each day to the area the contractor expects to pave during that day.

(3) Unless the contract specifies otherwise, keep the road open to all traffic during the work. Plan and prosecute tacking operations to adequately provide for traffic without damaging the work.

455.3.2.2 Equipment

455.3.2.2.1 General

(1) Have all necessary equipment available on the job before beginning tack coat operations.

455.3.2.2.2 Tank Car Heating Equipment

(1) Heat the tack material by circulating steam through the coils of the tank or use another engineer-approved system. Use equipment designed to heat without burning or overheating any portion of the material. Provide effective and positive control of the heat at all times.

(2) The department will reject tack material from tank cars without heating coils, or with defective heating coils, unless the contractor uses engineer-approved alternate methods to heat the material without introducing moisture. Do not agitate or heat the tack coat material by directly introducing live steam.
455.3.2.2.3 Tack Distributors

(1) Provide a tachometer, pressure gauges, and accurate volume measuring devices or a calibrated tank. Also provide a thermometer for measuring the temperature of the tank contents.

(2) Equip distributors with a pump power unit and full circulation spray bars adjustable laterally and vertically. Provide a heating system that circulates material through the spray bar during the entire heating process. Also provide a hose and spray nozzle to apply tack to areas inaccessible to the spray bar.

455.3.2.3 Preparing the Existing Surface

(1) Prepare the base or existing surface as specified for preparing the foundation for asphalt surfacing in 211. Immediately before applying tack material, sweep existing surfaces to remove dust, dirt, or other objectionable material.

455.3.2.4 Heating and Applying Asphaltic Materials

(1) The department will reject overheated or otherwise damaged tack material.

(2) Place tack in a single application unless the contract or engineer specifies otherwise. Determine the appropriate width for the application based on traffic handling and sequencing of subsequent surface course construction. Distribute uniformly over the surface to be treated.

(3) Determine an application rate for the surface condition required to effectively bond the overlying material. Obtain the engineer's approval for the application rate. Correct for under application by applying additional material. If the contractor cannot maintain the application rate within tolerances, discontinue operations and make the necessary corrections to personnel or equipment required to remedy the problem.

(4) Turn outside edges nozzles to spray parallel to the road centerline. Do not operate with any clogged nozzles.

(5) Protect structures, as the engineer approves, to prevent spatter or marring by tacking operations. Include surfaces of railings, curbs, gutters, and other appurtenances of existing structures. Also protect adjacent concrete pavement that will not be resurfaced with asphaltic pavement or surfacing.

455.3.2.5 Maintaining Tack Coat

(1) Protect and repair the existing surface and the tack coat. Correct areas with excess or deficient tack material and any breaks, raveled spots, or other areas where bond might be affected.

455.4 Measurement

455.4.1 General

(1) The department will measure the Asphaltic Material Seal Coat and Tack Coat bid items by the ton or gallon acceptably completed, based on either shipment net weight, or corrected volume. The department will not measure nonconforming materials unless the engineer allows those materials to remain in place. The department will deduct for material wasted or not actually incorporated in the work.

455.4.2 Corrected Volume

(1) The department will measure asphaltic material for seal coats, tack coats, and similar products in calibrated tank cars, tank trucks, or storage tanks. Calibrate storage tanks and provide the engineer with charts indicating the depth versus liquid volume relationship.

(2) The department will correct the measured volume to a temperature of 60 F for PG, MC, and SC asphalts as follows:

- If the specific gravity at 60 F is greater than 0.966:

\[ V = V_1(1.021 - 0.00035T) \]

- If the specific gravity at 60 F is from 0.850 to 0.966 inclusive:

\[ V = V_1(1.0246 - 0.00041T) \]

Where:

- \( V \) = Volume in gallons at 60 F.
- \( V_1 \) = Volume in gallons at observed temperature, F.
- \( T \) = Observed temperature, F.

(3) Calculate the volume correction for emulsified asphalts as follows:

\[ V = V_1 / (0.985 + 0.00025T) \]

Where:

- \( V \) = Volume in gallons at 60 F.
V1 = Volume in gallons at observed temperature, F.
T = Observed temperature, F.

455.5 Payment

455.5.1 General

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>455.0500</td>
<td>Asphaltic Material Seal Coat</td>
<td>TON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>455.0505</td>
<td>Asphaltic Material Seal Coat</td>
<td>GAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>455.0600</td>
<td>Tack Coat</td>
<td>TON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>455.0605</td>
<td>Tack Coat</td>
<td>GAL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

455.5.2 Asphaltic Material Seal Coat

(1) Payment for Asphaltic Material Seal Coat is full compensation for furnishing asphaltic material used in seal coats provided under 475. The department will pay for nonconforming seal coat material the engineer allows to remain in place at 75 percent of the contract unit price.

455.5.3 Tack Coat

(1) Payment for Tack Coat is full compensation for providing tack coat; for preparing the surface; and for maintaining the completed work.

Revise 455.5.3(2) to allow penalties greater than 25% for nonconforming tack coat. This change was implemented in ASP 6 effective with the December 2017 letting.

(2) The department will adjust pay for Tack Coat, under the Nonconforming Tack Coat administrative item, for nonconforming material the engineer allows to remain in place at a maximum of 75 percent of the contract unit price.